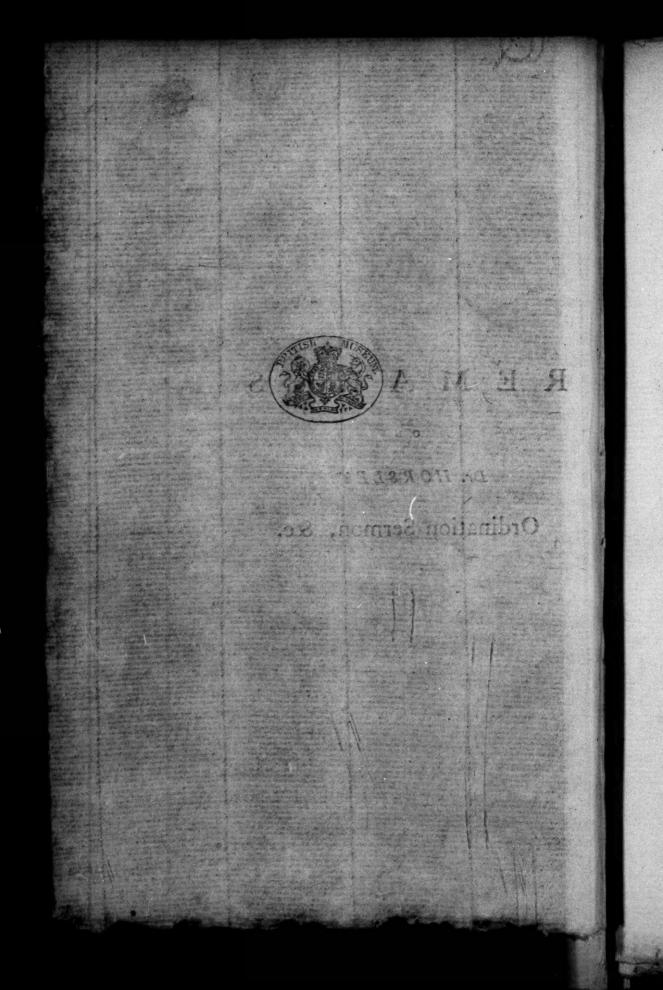
REMARKS

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Dr. HORSLEY's

Ordination-Sermon, &c.



REMARKS

Dr. HORSLEY's

ORDINATION-SERMON:

IN A LETTER TO THE

Lord Bishop of Gloucester.

GILBERT WAKEFIELD, B. A.

Andlate Fellow of Jesus College, Cambridge. K

Εσίι δ'εν ολόφ και τοδ' ακ ορθως εκον. Ευψυχιας δοκησις, οιομεσθα γας Τον ευθυχανία πανί επισίασθαι καλως. Euripides.

LONDON:
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M.DCC.LXXXVIII.

REMARKS

Dr. HORSLEY'S

ORDINATION-SERMON:



GILBERT WAKEHELD, B. A.

And late Salle of Sur College, Controller

Here des willy now the great of the nodernas donors (outerba yas Tor selogista was kwistarbu kare).

ver inter.

LONDOM

Sold by J. Descuron, No. 27 . Holbourn. M.DCC.LXXXVIII.

Sermon together, and make a few Oblicyations as we go along. You may, pethaps, or

gent-the Zeal of your Patronage on this Occa bon, and he were churcus in ficture how you

gination, fuch, modfing

My Lorp, and should don soiling

R. HORSLEY'S Sermon, preached before your Lordship at a public Ordination of Priests and Deacons, and published by your Command, lately came into my Hands. You undoubtedly defigned by this Measure to profess a general Concurrence in the Sentiments of the Preacher, and to give additional Currency to his Reputation with the Public by the Stamp of your Approbation. I was always disposed to regard your Lordship as an elegant and judicious Scholar; and have frequently heard you in the Schools and from the Pulpit with Delight; fo that I could not but feel a mingled Sensation of Surprise and Sorrow at feeing your Name prescribed as the Passport to fuch a Miscellany of irrational, antiscriptural, and dangerous Opinions, promulgated in fo high a Tone, with fuch an Air of Confidence and Authority. Let us review, my Lord, the Co. motto Cod A. 3 to band . Sermon

Sermon together, and make a few Observations as we go along. You may, perhaps, on more deliberate Confideration, see Cause to repent the Zeal of your Patronage on this Occafion, and be more cautious in future how you fanction fuch Effusions of a visionary Imagination, fuch fwelling Words of Vanity, by the Authority of your Name.

Amidst a considerable Number of gratuitous Affertions in the five first Pages of the Doctor's Discourse, the following Observation appears to me particularly exceptionable: me no Y

- While they called themselves by the
- "Name of Christ, they required not that the
- " Jew should recognize the Maker of the
- "World, the Jehovah of his Fathers, in the
- " Carpenter's reputed Son: nor would they
- " incur the Ridicule of the Græcian Schools,
- " by maintaining the Necessity of an Atone-
- " ment for forfaken and repented Sins, and by
- " holding high the Efficacy of the Redeemer's "Sacrifice. sa bediració amalí sugy goiset

Such is your Account, Dr. Horsley, of the Apostle's Declarations upon this Point. Let

nd Authority. Let us reyley, my Lord, the

nomine * Page 2nd, at the Bottom.

the Greeks: i. e. their Denial of the New York

For the Jews require a Sign, and the Greeks feek after Wisdom. But we preach Christ crucified; unto the Jews a Stumbling-block, and unto the Greeks Foolishness.*

So then, according to St. Paul, what difgusted and scandalised the Jews, who expected
a glorious conquering Messab — a Messab that
should not DIE, but abide for ever; — was a
meek and lowly Saviour, Expiring on A
Cross.—No such Thing, says the Bishop of
St. David's: this was their Error; — they
would not allow (strange Blindness and monstrous Perversity!) this simple Truth, — that a
Carpenter's reputed Son was, forsooth, the MaKER OF THE WORLD, the JEHOVAH of their
Fathers!

My Lord, you fee the alternative. Hunccine an hunc fequeris? Whom will you follow? BAAL or JEHOVAH, — Dr. HORSLEY or St. PAUL?

Your Preacher, my Lord, is as palpably and outrageously erroneous in the Reason which A 4

^{* 1} Cor. i. 22, 23.

‡ John xii. 34.

he affigns for the Rejection of the Gospel by the Greeks: i. e. their Denial of the Necessity of an Atonement for forfaken and repented Sins, and of the Efficacy of the Redeemer's Sacrifice. You and I can give a much better Account of this We know that the Disciples of the Matter. Gracian Schools were enamoured of metaphysical Subtleties, logical Disquisitions, and airy Speculation. This was their Delufion. Truth was acceptable to them through no other Medium than that of abstract Argumentation. But the Demonstration of Christianity did not rest upon the THEORETICAL DEDUCTIONS of refined Reason. It's Evidences were neither more nor less than the Attestation of Witnesses, credible altogether in themselves and corroborated by Miracles, to this plain and fingle FACT,—the RESURRECTION of JESUS OF NAZARETH from the DEAD.

Go now, and compare the Chaff with the Wheat!—In the mean Time, my Lord, I prefer, with your Leave and that of our Preacher, the unsophisticated Divinity of two simple Greeks to the theological Reveries of this Christian

a Commission and the delication of a

tian Prelate. Their Sentiments may be feen below.*

The preceding Observations, which have the clear Suffrage of Scripture in their Favour, and some Simplicity to recommend them, will abundantly expose a Variety of strange Assumptions in the four succeeding Pages and other Parts of this Discourse; and render, I hope, a particular Detail unnecessary. I wish to be as brief as possible; and pass on, therefore, to the Examination of an Axiom laid down, with sufficient Decision, in the Beginning of the tenth Page.

"The Apostles were, by infinite Degrees, the best informed of all Philosophers:" says our learned Polemic.

This Position, if it were true, would invalidate the CAPITAL ARGUMENT for the Truth of Christianity— an Argument perpetually infisted on by the sacred Writers; namely, that the

^{*} Ixave yag anodistis axeous apaglapalo, à diophwois. Schol. in Aristoph. Plut. 779.

the Gospel was not indebted to the Information of Philosophers for it's Establishment, but to plain unlettered* Men, proclaiming the Intelligence of their Senses, and exhibiting, in attendant Miracles, the Power of God, as a complete Demonstration of their Veracity.

But the Position, my Lord, is unquestionably and absolutely FALSE. Read the Lives of Christ and the Apostles, as recorded by the four Evangelists: read the History of the first Preaching of Christianity, as related in the Acts of the Apostles: produce me, if you can, but a SINGLE PROOF that the Apoftles were possessed of ONE Truth in Science or Philosophy, after our Lord's Ascension, which they were unacquainted with before, and I will take Shame and Ignominy to myself, as ignorant and prejudiced in the Extreme. They preached what they had SEEN, and HEARD, and FELT.+-This was EXPERIENCE, not PHILOSOPHY .-They needed no Philosophy - they had none. The Position is, indeed, grossly untrue; fubverfive of the fundamental Support of Revelation :

^{*} Acts iv. 13.

[†] See, among other Texts, 1 Cor. i. 27. ii. 5. 2 Cor. iv. 7. † 1 John i. 1.

velation ; - loudly contradicted by the Lives of the Apostles, by the positive and express Declarations of Scripture, by the whole Spirit and Œconomy of the Gospel. Nay, so jealous was the divine Projector, and Conductor, of his own Supremacy in this grand Undertaking, - of any Intermixture of human Influence. that he would not admit the Services of the learned Apostle of the Gentiles, till the Chriftian Revelation had been openly proclaimed and decisively authenticated by Fishermen and Publicans, rude in Speech and weak in Knowledge. -And yet shall Dr. Horsley he bold enough to affirm, that the Apostles were, by INFINITE DEGREES, the BEST INFORMED of all PHI-LOSOPHERS! - My Lord, I feel myfelf impelled by my Love and Reverence of Chriftianity to interfere on this Occasion, and to reprobate such a solemn Paradox, so unspeakably abfurd in itself and so flagrantly injurious to the Cause of Revelation, with all the Vehemence of Cenfure. Las probatti has mista

What our Divine has advanced in his twelfth and thirteenth Pages upon the Utility of human Learning has so much my Approbation.

tion, as to make me lament that he did not wholly confine his Efforts to the Illustration and Enforcement of this Topic on the gaping Catechumens. There was no need, I will maintain, of Learning to the first Publishers of our Religion: Faels were THEIR Propositions, and Miracles THEIR Proofs. But our Hopes, in these later Ages, rest upon the written Records of those Transactions. In Proportion, therefore, to our Acquaintance with History, to our Capacity to estimate it's Credibility, to our Knowledge of the human Mind, to our Acquaintance with human Languages, to our Sobriety and Strength of Judgement, to the Fidelity of our Memory, the Comprehensiveness of our Understandings, and the Promptness of our Eloquence; - in Proportion, I fay, to the Excellence of our intellectual Endowments, co-operating with that effential Principle, SINGLENESS of HEART, - will be our Ability to discover, and explain, and illustrate, and recommend, the genuine Doctrines of the evangelical Dispensatier As and thinkens Pages open the L. noit

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After fome very questionable Infinuations respecting the present Existence of a divine Commillion for an Ordination to the Ministry, our Author* enlarges again, with infinite Complacency, upon the prodigious Acquirements of the plain Ment of Nazareth, in Terms of Exaggeration fo supremely ridiculous, as almost make it impossible for a candid Man to suppose him serious. # The Apostles and pri-" mitive Teachers," fays he, " were PRO-" FOUND METAPHYSICIANS; the BEST of " MORALISTS; WELL-INFORMED HISTO-" RIANS; ACCURATE LOGICIANS; and " EXCELLENT in a peculiar Strain of ELO-" QUENCE." - I can affirm with great Honesty and Seriousness, that I never read in the whole Course of my Life a more ludicrous Specimen of pompous Inanity, - a Declaration more extravagantly romantic, - more ridiculoufly contemptible. That any Person can have perused with Attention the Scriptures of the New-Testament, and have finished his Meditations in them with fuch Impressions and Sentiments as thefe, is to me, I own, per-According to the Maxim of the Poet:

^{*} Page 17. 1 Idiwrais

feetly incomprehensible. Others, perhaps, may see no Singularity in this Case: they especially of larger Capacities, the Anaks in Literature, who are so fortunate as to possess a more eminent Portion than their Neighbours of those Talents and that Erudition, with which the first Evangelists were, it seems, so wonderfully gifted.

Your admired Preacher, my Lord, tells us, for the second Time,* that the Knowledge of Christ erucified consisted in understanding "the "Sufferings of the Messiah to be the Means "appointed by God for Man's Deliverance from Sin and Damnation." The Proof of this Proposition, if it were produced, would not, I think, be distinguishable for it's Conciseness and Simplicity. And it grieves me exceedingly, I must confess, that any Protestant should entertain such strange Notions of the Christian Revelation: yet is it some Consolation to see them entertained by one, who appears in other Respects, as I have endeavoured

and Sentiments as these, is to min. I own per

[†] According to the Maxim of the Poet:
Απλες ὁ μυθο της αληθειας εφυ.

to shew, to have *studied* the Scriptures with such indifferent Success. His Example at least is no Proof of the Advantages of Learning in the Study of the Scriptures.

My Lord, I am not petulant, or I might go on and expose that Affectation of superior Discernment conspicuous in the Appendix; which pretends to discover an entire Correspondence where so much Exactness was not intended, and certainly cannot be made out. But I have no ill Humours to gratify, and no Time to spare from more agreeable Employment: and therefore conclude myself,

Christian Wellers, concerning the Person of Je-

My Lord,

With great Respect for your Talents, then

Signal Your Lordship's humble Servant,

GILBERT WAKEFIELD.

ine Chrift, Bro.

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